SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Information

Product Name: G788 Air-dry Gray Enamel Product Code: G788

Trade Name: Glyptal

Manufactured by: IN CASE OF EMERGENCY:

GLYPTAL, INC. CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

305 Eastern Ave. Chelsea, MA 02150 Telephone (617) 884-6918

Product Use: Coatings

Not recommended for: Nonindustrial Use

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

NFPA Raings, risk phrases, and suggested WHMIS Hazard Categories:

GHS Ratings:

Flammable liquid	3	Flash point >= 23°C and <= 60°C (140°F)
Skin corrosive	2	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation
Eye corrosive	2A	Eye irritant: Subcategory 2A, Reversible in 21 days
Organ toxin single exposure	3	Transient target organ effects- Narcotic effects- Respiratory tract irritation
Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity < or = 20.5 mm2/s at 40° C.
Aquatic toxicity	C2	Acute toxicity > 1.00 but <= 10.0 mg/l and lack of rapid degradability and log Kow >= 4 unless BCF < 500 and unless chronic toxicity > 1 mg/l

GHS Hazards

H227	Combustible liquid
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

GHS Precautions

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking
P223	Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light//equipment
P242	Use only non-sparking tools
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P273	Avoid release to the environment

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P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection P331 Do NOT induce vomiting P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower P304+P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P337+P313 If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction P403+P233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P403+P235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Signal Word: Danger



Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
Petroleum Distillates, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	30.00% - 40.00%
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons (Stoddard)	8052-41-3	1.00% - 5.00%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrogenated light	64742-48-9	1.00% - 5.00%
Stoddard Solvent	64742-88-7	1.00% - 5.00%

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

INHALATION - Remove from area to fresh air. If symptomatic, contact a poison control center, emergency room, or physician as further medical treatment may be necessary. Administer oxygen if a qualified operator is available.

EYE CONTACT - In case of eye contact, flush the eyes with water for fifteen (15) minutes. If contact lenses are worn, quickly remove them, then flush the eyes with water. If irritation persists, contact a poison control center, emergency room, or physician as further medical treatment may be necessary.

SKIN CONTACT - In case of skin contact, remove contaminated clothing. Flush the skin with large amounts of water, then wash the skin with soap and water. If symptoms persist, contact a poison control center, emergency room, or physician as further medical treatment may be necessary.

INGESTION - If material is ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep the head below the hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Contact a poison control center, emergency room, or physician as further medical treatment will be necessary.

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Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: 41 C (106 F)

LEL: 1.00 UEL: 7.00

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), "alcohol" foam, dry chemical

UNUSUAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS: The product vapor is heavier than air and may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback. Closed containers may explode or burst when exposed to extreme heat. May produce hazardous decomposition products when exposed to extreme heat.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: See section 10 for a list of hazardous decomposition products for this mixture.

FIRE FIGHTING: Water spray may be ineefective. If water is used, fog nozzles are prefereable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. If evacuation of personnel is necessary, evacuate to an upwind area. Decontaminate personnel and equipment with a water wash-down after fire and smoke exposure.

FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT: Firemen and emergency responders: wear full turnout gear or Level A equipment, including positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

SPILL AND LEAK PROCEDURES: Spill supervisor - Ensure cleanup personnel wear all appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), including respiratory protection. Remove all ignition sources. Keep nonessential personnel away from the contaminated area.

SMALL SPILLS: Ventilate the contaminated area. Using nonsparking tools, mix the appropriate sorbent into the spilled material. Use an absorbent like sawdust for aqueous, waterborne, and solvent-borne coatings.

Collect the saturated sorbent and transfer it into a covered container. Steel containers are acceptable for all wastes except wastes which contain acid. Use suitable plastic containers for acid-bearing wastes.

Dispose of the waste in compliance with all Federal, state, regional, and local regulations.

LARGE SPILLS: Prevent this material from entering sewers and watercourses by diking or impounding the spilled material. Advise authorities if the product has entered or may enter, sewers, watercourses, or extensive land areas.

Ventilate the contaminated area. Using nonsparking tools, mix the appropriate sorbent into the spilled material. Use an absorbent like sawdust for aqueous, waterborne, and solvent-borne coatings.

Collect the saturated sorbent and transfer it into a covered container. Steel containers are acceptable for all wastes except wastes which contain acid. Use suitable plastic containers for acid-bearing wastes.

Label the waste container. Dispose of the waste in compliance with all Federal, state, regional, and local regulations.

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Section 7 - Handling and Storage

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS: Wear all appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Wear respiratory protection or ensure adequate ventilation at all times as vapors can accumulate in confined or poorly ventilated areas. Use the product in a manner which minimizes splashes and/or the creation of dust. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not handle or store material near heat, sparks, open flames, or other sources of ignition. Store at room temperatures, i.e., 50 to 85 F (10 to 30 C).

STORAGE: Prevent from freezing. Do not store above 95 F (35 C).

Store only in original containers.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection				
Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits	
Petroleum Distillates, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8	PEL 500 ppm - TWA	TLV 200 mg/m3 - TWA (skin)	Not Established	
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons (Stoddard) 8052-41-3	PEL 500 ppm - TWA VPEL 100 ppm - TWA	TLV 100 ppm - TWA	Not Established	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrogenated light 64742-48-9	TWA 500 ppm (Z-1) TWA 400 ppm (P0)	TWA - 200 mg/m3	Not Established	
Stoddard Solvent 64742-88-7	PEL 100 ppm - TWA	TLV 100 ppm - TWA	Not Established	

ENGINEERING: Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep concentration of ingredients listed in Section 2 below the lowest suggested exposure limits, the LEL below the stated limit, and to remove decomposition products during welding or flame cutting.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Ensure processing (curing) ovens are properly vented to prevent the introduction of processing fumes into the workplace. Use explosion-proof equipment and good manufacturing practice.

VENTILATION: Use only with adequate ventilation, i.e., ventilation in compliance with occupational exposure limits. Refer to OSHA standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES:

Wear splash goggles. If extra protection is required, wear a face shield over the splash goggles. Face shields are effective only if worn in addition to splash goggles.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Wear chemical-resistant gloves (butyl rubber or neoprene). Protective gloves should be inspected frequently and discarded when they exhibit cuts, tears, pinholes, or signs of excessive wear. If necessary, wear a chemical-resistant, butyl-rubber apron and other protective clothing, as deemed appropriate, to avoid skin contact with material.

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RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Respiratory protection may not be needed if the local exhaust is sufficient to maintain levels of hazardous ingredients below occupational exposure limits. Where ventilation is inadequate, use a NIOSH/MSHA-approved, air-purifying respirator equipped with the appropriate chemical cartridges or positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. Read the respirator manufacturer's instructions and literature carefully to determine the type of airborne contaminants against which the respirator is effective, its limitations, and how it is to be properly fitted and used.

CONTAMINATED EQUIPMENT: Dispose of the waste in compliance with all Federal, state, regional, and local regulations.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

This mixture typically exhibits the following properties under normal circumstances:

Appearance Gray Liquid
Physical State Liquid
Vapor Pressure 3.4 mm Hg @ 60 F
Boiling Range 149 to 270 °C
Lbs VOC/Gallon Solids 9.5

Odor Solvent odor
Vapor Density Heavier than air
Evaporation Rate Slower than ether
Specific Gravity (SG) 1.087
Lbs VOC/Gallon Less Water 3.90
and Exempt Solvent

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

STABLE

Components of this mixture are incompatible with the following materials:

Strong oxidizing agents, acids, and alkali/base/caustic solutions Strong oxidizing agents

This mixture is likely to exhibit the following combustion products:

Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Component Toxicity	
64742-47-8	Petroleum Distillates, hydrotreated light
	Oral LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50: 5 mg/L (Rat)
8052-41-3	Aliphatic Hydrocarbons (Stoddard)
	Oral LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50: 5 mg/L (Rat)
64742-48-9	Distillates (petroleum), hydrogenated light
	Oral LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50: 5 mg/L (Rat)
64742-88-7	Stoddard Solvent
	Oral LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Toxicological information: The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 3 and 15 for details.

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation Skin Contact Eye Contact Ingestion

Exposure to this material may affect the following organs:

Lungs Central Nervous System Skin Respiratory System

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Effects of Overexposure

64742-47-8 Petroleum Distillates, hydrotreated light

Eye Contact May cause temporary discomfort or irritation to the eye.

Ingestion Liquid can directly enter the lungs (aspiration) when swallowed or vomited. Serious

lung damage and possibly fatal chemical pneumonia (chemical pneumonitis) can

develop if this occurs.

Inhalation Toxic and harmful if inhaled. Breathing of high vapor concentrations may cause central

nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness

and death.

Skin Contact May be slightly irritating to the skin. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause

defatting and drying of the skin which may result in a burning sensation and a dried,

cracked appearance.

64742-48-9 Distillates (petroleum), hydrogenated light

Systemic Effects May cause dermatitis. Chronic inhalation causes dizziness, weakness, weight loss,

anemia, nervousness, limb pain, numbness, paresthesia.

Eye Contact May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause nausea; larger doses can lead to central nervous system

depression. Ingestion can cause droplets to enter the lungs, causing chemical

pneumonitis.

Inhalation Aspiration into lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis. Vapor/aerosol concentrations

above recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches, dizziness, anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness and

other central nervous system effects including death.

Skin Contact May cause skin irritation.

64742-88-7 Stoddard Solvent

Eye Contact Causes eye irritation. May cause chemical conjunctivitis and corneal damage.

Ingestion Aspiration hazard. May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and

diarrhea. Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure. Harmful or fatal

if swallowed. Ingestion of large amounts may cause CNS depression.

Inhalation Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects

characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma. High vapor concentrations may cause drowsiness. Aspiration may lead to pulmonary edema. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. May cause burning sensation in

the chest.

Skin Contact Exposure may cause irritation characterized by redness, dryness, and inflammation.

May cause irritation and dermatitis. May cause cyanosis of the extremities.

8052-41-3 Mineral Spirits

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Signs of symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include: redness of the face and neck, mouth and throat irritation (soreness, dry or scratchy feeling, cough) stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways), tight feeling in the chest, central nervous system excitation (giddiness, liveliness, lightheaded feeling) followed by central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and other central nervous system effects, effects on memory, respiratory depression (slowing of the breathing rate), shortness of breath, loss of coordination, confusion, irregular heartbeat, narcosis (dazed or sluggish feeling), respiratory failure, coma.

Eye Contact

May cause mild irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, and redness.

Ingestion

Swallowing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing oar vomiting. This results in lung inflammation and other lung injury.

Inhalation

Breathing of vapor or mist is possible. Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms are not expected at air concentrations below the recommended exposure limits.

Skin Contact

Can cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking of skin, burns and other skin damage. Additional symptoms of skin contact may include: skin blistering. Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling and use.

Carcinogenicity: The following chemicals comprise 0.1% or more of this mixture and are listed and/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by NTP, IARC, OSHA (mandatory listing), or ACGIH (optional listing). See Section 15 for carcinogenicity assessment.

CAS NumberDescription% WeightCarcinogen RatingNoneN/A

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Component Ecotoxicity

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Petroleum Distillates, hydrotreated light

Basis for Assessment: Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

12.1 Toxicity

Acute Toxicity: Toxic: $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l } LL/EL50 \text{ expressed as the}$

nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract.

Fish: Toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l
Aquatic crustacea: Toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l
Algae/aquatic plants: Toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l
Microorganisms: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Chronic Toxicity

Fish: NOEC/NOEL expected to be > 0.01 - <= 0.1 mg/l (based on modeled

data)

Aquatic crustacea: NOEC/NOEL expected to be > 0.1 - <= 1.0 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability: Expected to be inherently biodegradable. The volatile constituents will oxidize rapidly by photochemical reactions in air.

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential: Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate.

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Aliphatic Hydrocarbons (Stoddard)

Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Toxicity to daphnia and: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.4 mg/l

other aquatic inverte-brates

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test
Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae: EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata): 1 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Remarks: Information given is based on data

obtained from similar substances.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability: aerobic

Concentration: 101 mg/l Biodegradation: 61 % Testing period: 10 d Exposure time: 28 d Lag phase: 5 d

Test substance: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy

aromatic

GLP: yes

Mobility in soil

Stability in soil: Remarks: Adsorbs on soil.

Other adverse effects No data available

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Distillates (petroleum), hydrogenated light

12.1 Toxicity

Acute Toxicity: Toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/I LL/EL50

> expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract.

Fish: Toxic: $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$

Aquatic crustacea: Toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l

Algae/aquatic plants: Toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l

Microorganisms: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Chronic Toxicity

NOEC/NOEL expected to be > 0.01 - <= 0.1 mg/l Fish:

(based on modeled data)

Aquatic crustacea: NOEC/NOEL expected to be > 0.1 - <= 1.0 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability: Expected to be inherently

biodegradable.

The volatile constituents will oxidize

rapidly

by photochemical reactions in air.

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential: Contains constituents with the potential

to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility: Floats on water. Contains volatile

constituents.

Evaporates within a day from water or

soil surfaces.

Large volumes may penetrate soil and

could

contaminate groundwater.

12.5 Result of PBT and vPvB assesment: The substance does not fulfill all

screening criteria

for persistence, bioaccumulation

and toxicity and

hence is not considered to be

PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other Adverse Effects: Films formed on water may affect

oxygen transfer

and damage organisms.

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Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 mg/l

> Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Toxicity to daphnia and: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.4 mg/l

other aquatic inverte-brates

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae: EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata): 1 mg/l

> End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Remarks: Information given is based on data

obtained from similar substances.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability: aerobic

> Concentration: 101 mg/l Biodegradation: 61 % Testing period: 10 d Exposure time: 28 d Lag phase: 5 d

Test substance: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy

aromatic

GLP: yes

Mobility in soil

Stability in soil: Remarks: Adsorbs on soil.

Other adverse effects No data available

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

The provisions of Council Directive 91/689/EEC and subsequent Amendments and Decisions apply to wastes for the product as supplied.

Do not allow into drains or water courses.

Waste and emptied containers must be disposed of in accordance with:

- -Control of Pollution Act of 1974,
- -Special Waste Regulations 1996,
- -Duty of Care Regulations 1992.

Waste should be recycled or disposed of through a licensed waste management facility.

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Section 14 - Transport Information

This material is classified for transport as follows:

Agency
DOTProper Shipping Name
PaintUN Number
1263Packing Group
IIIHazard Class
3

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

According to the Directive (1999/45/EC), relating of the classification packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and preparations, the product is labelled as follows:

State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): WARNING!

This product contains the following chemicals which are listed by the State of California as carcinogenic or a reproductive toxin:

- None

Carcinogenicity:

IARC - No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH - No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potention carcinogen by ACGIH.

OSHA - No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potention carcinogen by OSHA.

NTP - No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrogenated light 64742-48-9

Stoddard Solvent 64742-88-7

Aliphatic Hydrocarbons (Stoddard) 8052-41-3

Petroleum Distillates, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8

Commonwealth of Massachusetts "Right to Know": This product contains the following toxic or hazardous substances which appear on the Massachusetts Substance List:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrogenated light 1 to 5 %

Aliphatic Hydrocarbons (Stoddard) 1 to 5 %

New Jersey Worker and Community Right To Know Hazardous Substance List: The following substances appear on the New Jersey Right To Know Hazardous Substance List.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrogenated light 1 to 5 %

Stoddard Solvent 1 to 5 %

Aliphatic Hydrocarbons (Stoddard) 1 to 5 %

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act: This product contains the following chemicals which appear on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List:

64742-48-9

8052-41-3

WHMIS Classification B2 Flammable Liquid

- None

<u>Country</u> <u>Regulation</u> <u>All Components Listed</u>

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Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): All chemicals except those listed below appear in the Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory:

- None

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act, and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 372.

Section 16 - Other Information

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

FLAMMABILITY 3 PHYSICAL HAZARD 0 PERSONAL PROTECTION F

HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend

* = Chronic Health Hazard

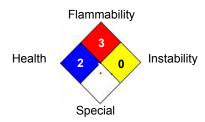
0 = INSIGNIFICANT

1 = SLIGHT

2 = MODERATE

3 = HIGH

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



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Reviewer Revision

Date Prepared: 6/3/2015

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